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# Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X™

User Manual

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#### Introduction

Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X<sup>™</sup> is a low-level file system driver specially developed to bridge incompatibility of Windows and Mac OS X by providing full read/write access to any version of the NTFS file system (Windows NT 4.0, 2000, XP, 2003, Vista) under Mac OS X.

Based on the Paragon UFSD™ (Universal File System Driver) technology our driver enables to provide fast and transparent access to NTFS partitions as Mac OS X-native, thus achieving an unprecedented high level of performance (the same as for HFS Plus and in some cases even better). Mac OS X programs can process such partitions without any restrictions – browse contents, read and modify files, copy and create new files and folders, etc.

Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X comes in one universal binary edition including a standard DMG disk image with an installation package to automatically substitute the Mac OS X default driver (read only) for Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X. In this manual you will find the answers to many of the technical questions, which might arise while using our driver.



Our company is constantly releasing new versions and updates to its software, that's why images shown in this manual may be different from what you see on your screen.

#### **Features Overview**

This chapter dwells upon key benefits and technical highlights of the product.

#### **Key Features**

Let us list some of the key features:

- Extremely easy to use as it requires no additional configuration after installation
- Fast and transparent access to any <u>NTFS</u> partition under Mac OS X
- Advanced driver engine to guarantee reliable operation and stability even under heavy workload
- Unprecedented high level of performance thanks to the <u>Paragon UFSD™ technology</u>
- Complete support of Mac OS X 10.4 Tiger, 10.5 Leopard, 10.6 Snow Leopard, and 10.7 Lion, both G4 and x86 architectures
- Advanced support of the <u>HFS Plus file system</u> features to guarantee data consistency (POSIX file attributes, <u>Hardlinks</u>, <u>Symlinks</u>, <u>Data Fork</u> and <u>Resource Fork</u>, etc.)
- Advanced support of the NTFS file system features to guarantee data consistency (sparse, compressed files/partitions, the Last Access Time stamp update, etc.)
- Support of Mac OS X extended attributes
- Support of non-Roman characters

#### **Supported Media**

- Ultra high capacity disks (up to 10 TB tested)
- IDE, SCSI and SATA/eSATA disks
- SSD (Solid State Drive)
- Thunderbolt, FireWire (i.e. IEEE1394), USB 1.0, USB 2.0, USB 3.0, ZIP® and Jazz® disks
- PC card storage devices (all types of flash memory, etc.)

## **Getting Started**

In this chapter you will find all the information necessary to get the product ready to use.

#### **Distribution**

Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X<sup>™</sup> is distributed in two ways:

- Boxed package from Paragon Software GmbH and resellers
- Downloadable package over the Internet at the company's web-site

The two contain a standard DMG disk image with an installation package to automatically substitute the Mac OS X native driver (read only) for Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X.

Thus in order to get the product ready for use, you need to install it first (see <u>Installing the Driver</u>).

If you want to download an update/upgrade of the product, it will be in form of the downloadable installation package.



NTFS for Mac OS X is a commercially distributed product, which is however can be used with no limitations completely for free during a 10-day trial period. Once it's over, you won't be able to use the product until you activate it through <a href="Perferences Pane">Perferences Pane</a>.

## Registration

Paragon Software GmbH provides a wide range of online services through its web-portal - <u>www.paragon-software.com/support</u>:

- Registration of new users;
- Registration of purchased products for registered users;
- Available around-the-clock downloading center, where registered users can get product updates/upgrades as well as all the necessary documentation;
- Downloadable free demo versions and open documentation for all users.



It is recommended to use Safari, Internet Explorer 5+ or any compatible browser.

#### To Register as a New User

To register as a new user, please do the following:

- 1. Run an Internet browser and visit the page: www.paragon-software.com/my-account/;
- 2. Click Create of the Create a Paragon Account section;
- 3. Fill out the registration form;
- 4. Click **Register**.

The most important field in the form is an E-mail address, as it serves as a login to enter the system. Besides your access password will be sent to this address as well.

#### To Register a New Product

If you are a registered user and would like to register Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X, please do the following:

1. Run an Internet browser and visit the page: <a href="https://www.paragon-software.com/my-account/">www.paragon-software.com/my-account/</a>;

- 2. In the **Email** field of the **Authorization** section, enter an E-mail used for registration;
- 3. In the **Password** field enter a password received after registration;
- 4. Click Sign in;
- 5. If the user name and password are valid, you will get to your account;
- 6. Click **Register new product** of the **Products** section;
- 7. Enter your product serial number in the **Serial Number** field. You can find it in the product box or obtain from your reseller. Click **Next**;
- 8. On the next page you will be asked to provide some additional data. Also you will need to decide whether you want to get confirmation on registering the product by E-mail or not. Click **Next**, and then click **Finish**.

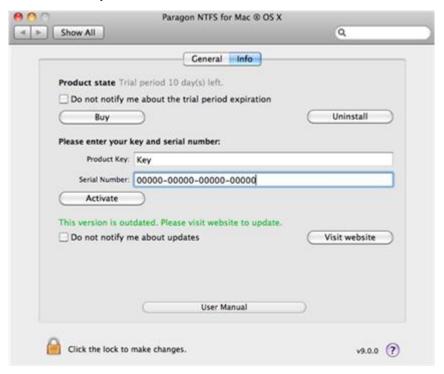
That is all. The product is now registered.

#### **Trial Version Activation**

You can purchase and unlock the product for unlimited use at any moment through Preferences Pane. Normally the whole procedure requires an active Internet connection and minimal participation from your part. However if you've got problems with the built-in activator, you can do it manually with the help of our Support Team. Below we'll consider both scenarios.

#### Online activation

- 1. First you should purchase the product. The easiest way is to use a direct link located on the NTFS Preferences Pane:
  - Select Applications > System Preferences > NTFS for Mac OS X;
  - Select Info;
  - Click on Buy.



- 2. As a result you should have your own product key and serial number. Please paste them to the corresponded fields, then click on **Activate**. This info will be sent to our activation server to complete the procedure.
- 3. If a success, you'll get the following notification.

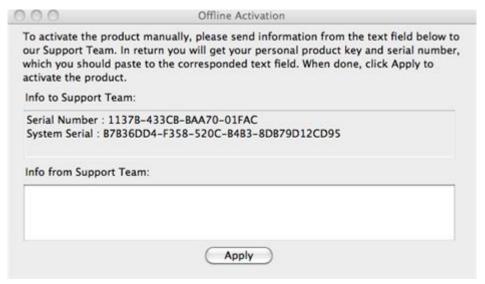


4. If you've got problems with the Internet or specifically configured Firewall, you'll be prompted to manually activate the product.



#### Manual activation

- 5. If having problems with the <u>online activation</u>, please click on **Offline Activation** to manually activate the product.
- 6. In the opened dialog you can see the earlier entered serial number of our product and a serial number of your system. Please get in touch with and pass this information to our <u>Support Team</u>. In return you'll get data to paste to the corresponded text field. Click on **Apply** when ready.



#### Other notification messages

When providing an incorrect serial number or a product key.



• When trying to use a serial number already activated on another computer.



• When trying to use a product key from a key generator.



## **Downloading Updates/Upgrades**

Downloading of updates/upgrades can be fulfilled in the following way:

- 1. Run an Internet browser and visit the page: www.paragon-software.com/my-account/;
- 2. In the Email field of the Authorization section, enter an E-mail used for registration;
- 3. In the **Password** field enter a password received after registration;
- 4. Click Sign in;
- 5. If the user name and password are valid, you will get to your account;
- 6. Select My Downloads of the Products section to see what updates are available for you;
- 7. Select the desired update and click **Download**.

#### **Contacting Paragon Software GmbH**

If you have any questions about the company products, please do not hesitate to contact Paragon Software GmbH.

Service	Contact
Visit Paragon GmbH web site	www.paragon-software.com
Registration & updates web-service	www.paragon-software.com/support
Knowledge Base & Technical Support	kb.paragon-software.com
Pre-sale information	sales@paragon.software.com



Unfortunately, the company can only provide technical support in the following languages at the present time: English, German, French and Russian. We are really sorry for possible inconvenience.

#### **System Requirements**

To use Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X, you should install it first. But before that, make sure your computer meets the following minimum system requirements:

- Operating systems: Mac OS X 10.4.6 Tiger or higher, 10.5 Leopard, 10.6 Snow Leopard, and 10.7 Lion
- PowerPC G4 or x86
- 128 MB of RAM

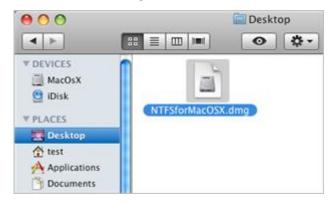


PowerPC G5 has not yet been tested for compatibility, but our driver is most likely to work flawlessly on it.

## **Installing the Driver**

To install Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X, please do the following:

1. Launch the installation process by clicking on the supplied DMG disk image (in our case it is NTFSforMacOSX.dmg).



2. After the installation package is extracted you can choose whether to install/de-install the driver or read the manual or license agreement. Click **NTFS for Mac OS X** to install the driver.



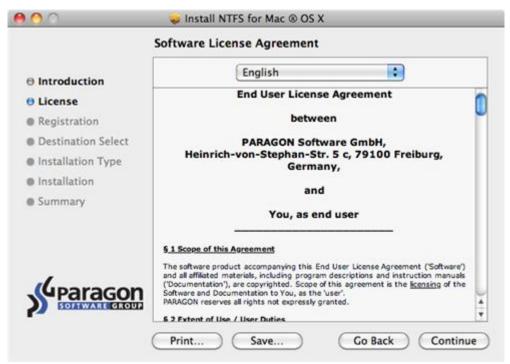
3. In order to actually start up installation of the driver, you need to confirm your intention by clicking the **Continue** button.



4. The setup wizard contains a standard user interface and set of installation steps to easily go through the process of installation. The Welcome page informs that the application is being installed. Click **Continue**.



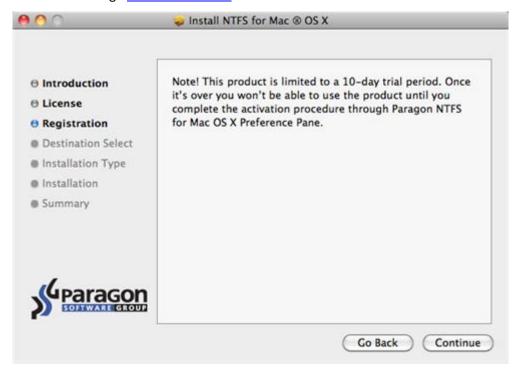
5. On the next page you can see the Paragon license agreement. Please read it carefully and then click **Continue**. You can also save or print the agreement by using the appropriate buttons.



6. In order to continue installation you are to accept all the conditions stated in the agreement by clicking the **Agree** button.



7. NTFS for Mac OS X is a commercially distributed product, which is however can be used with no limitations completely for free during a 10-day trial period. Once it's over, you won't be able to use the product until you activate it through <a href="Preferences Pane">Preferences Pane</a>.



8. As the next step of the installation you are to provide a password of a user with the administrator privilege.



9. The Select a Destination page enables to choose where to install the driver.



After you have selected the required destination, click Continue.



The driver can only be installed on an active Mac OS X volume, i.e. "SSD" in our case.

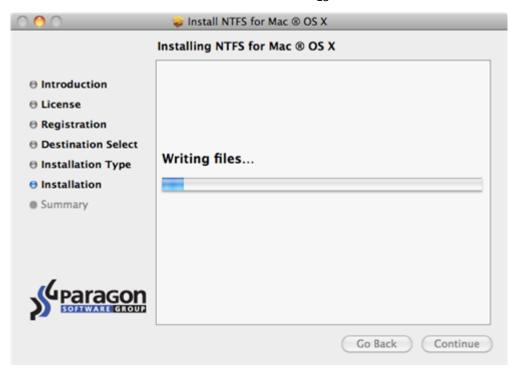
10. On the Installation Type page click Install to continue.



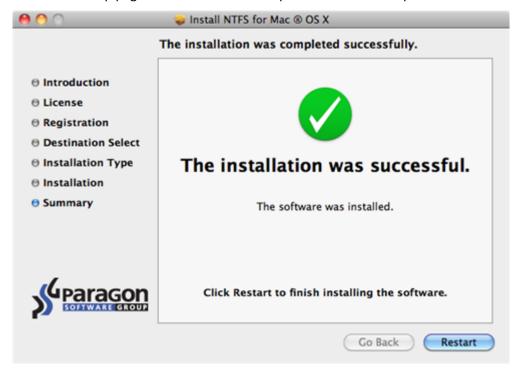


In case it is not the first time the driver is being installed the wizard will offer you to update it by clicking the Upgrade button.

11. The next page shows the overall progress of the installation.



12. On the Finish Up page click **Restart** to accomplish the installation process and restart the computer.



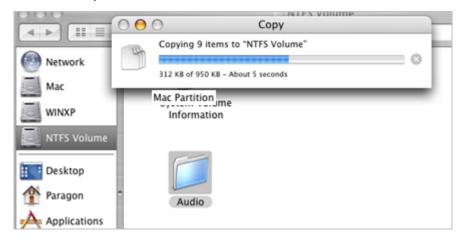
## **Using the Driver**

Once the driver has been installed you obtain full read/write access to any type of NTFS as if it's Mac OS X-native.

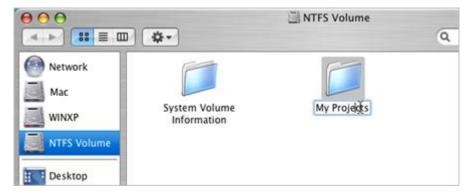


Unlike Mac OS X default driver you can now carry out any operation on an NTFS volume, like:

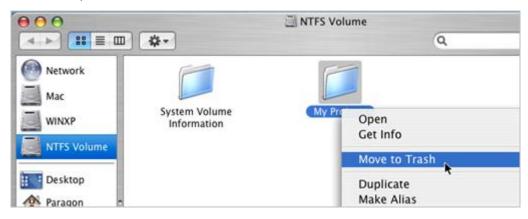
• Transfer data;



Modify data;



Delete data;



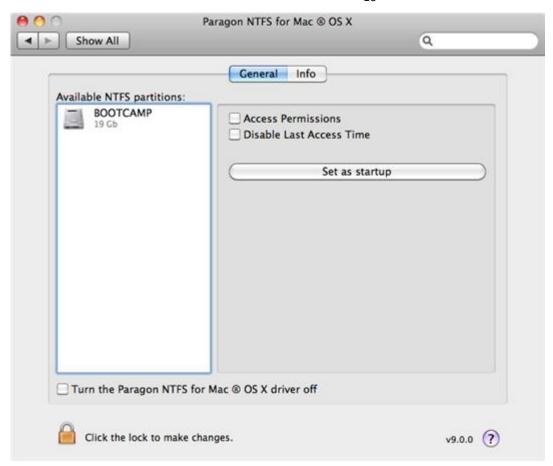
Just whatever you feel like doing.

### **Configuring the Driver**

Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X is very flexible and can be easily set up either with the help of a graphical interface or from the command line.

### Driver Setup with Graphical Interface

To set up the driver, please open the NTFS Preferences Pane: Applications > NTFS for Mac® OS X > NTFS Preferences or Applications > System Preferences > NTFS for Mac OS X.



In the opened window you can see a list of available NTFS partitions (if any) on the left. Select an NTFS partition and get available options to modify on the right.

#### **Changing NTFS Parameters**

As we have already mentioned our driver provides advanced support of the NTFS file system features, so you can:

- Activate Access Permissions for all newly created files/folders on the required NTFS partition to specify which
  users and groups can gain access to certain files and folders, and what they can do with their contents
  (read/write/execute);
- **Disable the Last Access Time Stamp** for all files/folders on the required NTFS partition to improve the hard disk performance.

Please mark a checkbox opposite the required feature to activate it.

#### Setting NTFS Volume as Startup Disk

After installing the driver, Mac OS X Startup Disk (a utility responsible for setting an active operating system) stops recognizing Windows installed with Boot Camp. It's an internal problem of Mac OS X, so we can do nothing with it. As a way out, you can choose your Windows volume on the left side of the pane, and then click the **Set as Startup** button to start it up next time you launch the computer.

#### Deactivating the Driver

You can deactivate the driver by marking the appropriate checkbox at the bottom of the window. If you do that, the Mac OS X default driver (read only) will be used to mount NTFS partitions.



Only users who can provide an administrator's password are allowed to modify preferences of the driver.



#### **Driver Setup from the Command Line**

You can set up the driver from the command line as well:

- Launch the command line: Applications > Utilities > Terminal;
- Type in fsctl\_ufsd to get help.

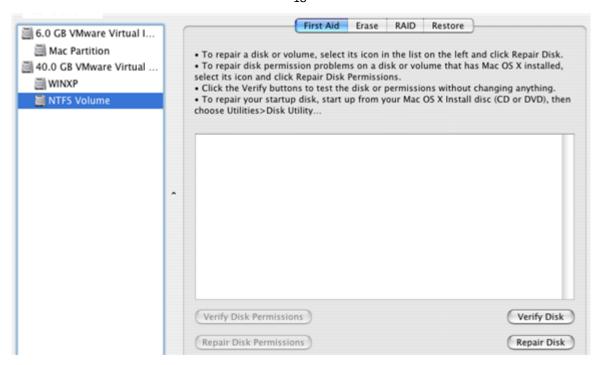


Only users who can provide an administrator's password are allowed to modify preferences of the driver.

#### **Extra Functionality**

Besides providing full read/write access to NTFS partitions under Mac OS X, our driver offers a number of additional features:

- 1. **Check/Repair NTFS Volumes**. During installation of our driver, the setup wizard automatically adds to Mac OS X Disk Utility the possibility to check integrity and fix errors on any type of NTFS. To do that, please follow the steps below:
  - Launch Disk Utility: Applications > Utilities > Disk Utility;
  - Select an NTFS volume from the list of available partitions on the left;
  - Click on the First Aid tab at the top of the window;
  - Click on the Verify Disk button to check it for integrity or the Repair Disk button to fix errors (if any).



You can also carry out these operations from the command line:

- Launch the command line: Applications > Utilities > Terminal;
- Type in fsck\_ufsd to get help.

```
testers-mac-mini:~ test$ fsck_ufsd
usage:
fsck_ufsd -q device ...
fsck_ufsd -p device ...
fsck_ufsd [-n | -y] [-q] device ...
n = verify disk, but don't repair
q = quick check returns clean, dirty, or failure
y = repair disk
E.g.: fsck_ufsd -n /dev/disk8s3
```

Use **fsck\_ufsd -n device** to check disk integrity;

Use **fsck\_ufsd -y device** to fix disk errors

- 2. **Format NTFS Volumes**. You can format NTFS volumes under Mac OS X from the command line. To do that, please follow the steps below:
  - Launch the command line: Applications > Utilities > Terminal;
  - Type in diskutil to get help.

```
lagnajeet-pradhans-computer:~ Paragon$ diskutil
Disk Utility Tool
Utility to manage local disks and volumes.
Most options require root access to the device
Usage: diskutil <verb> ≺options>
     <verb> is one of the following:
     list
                           (List the partitions of a disk)
     information | info
                         (Get information on a disk or volume)
                           (Unmount a single volume)
     unmount
     unmountDisk
                           (Unmount an entire disk (all volumes))
     eject
                           (Eject a disk)
                           (Mount a single volume)
     mount
     mountDisk
                           (Mount an entire disk (all mountable volumes))
     rename
                           (Rename a volume)
     enableJournal
                           (Enable HFS+ journaling on a mounted HFS+ volume)
     disableJournal
                           (Disable HFS+ journaling on a mounted HFS+ volume)
     verifyVolume
                           (Verify the structure of a volume)
     repairVolume
                           (Repair the structure of a volume)
     verifyPermissions
                           (Verify the permissions of a volume)
     repairPermissions
                           (Repair the permissions of a volume)
     repairOS9Permissions (Repair the permissions for the current
                                Classic boot volume)
     eraseDisk
                           (Erase an existing disk, removing all volumes)
     eraseVolume
                           (Erase an existing volume)
     reformat
                           (Reformat an existing volume)
     eraseOptical
                           (Erase an optical media (CD/RW, DVD/RW, etc.))
     zeroDisk
                           (Erase a disk, writing zeros to the media)
     randomDisk
                           (Erase a disk, writing random data to the media)
     secureErase
                           (Securely erase a disk or freespace on a volume)
     resizeVolume
                           (resize a volume, increasing or decreasing its size)
    partitionDisk
                          ((re)Partition a disk, removing all volumes)
     createRAID
                           (Create a RAID set on multiple disks)
     destroyRAID
                           (Destroy an existing RAID set)
     checkRAID
                           (Check a RAID set for errors)
     enableRAID
                           (Convert a disk to a degraded RAID mirror set)
     convertRAID
                           (Convert a RAID 1.x (pre-Tiger) to a RAID 2.x (Tiger))
     undatePAID
                           (Undate the settings of an existing PAID)
```

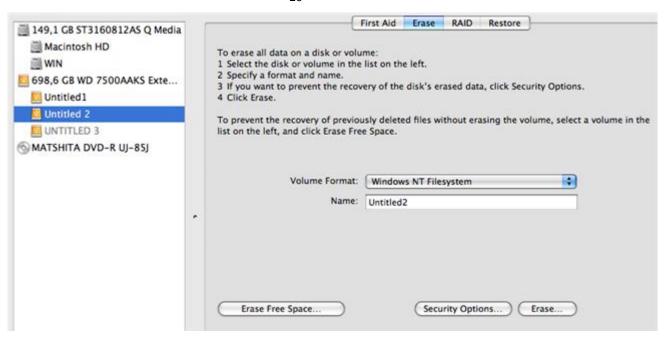
Use diskutil eraseVolume UFSD "Disk Label" device to format the required partition to NTFS.



#### There is no need to use inverted commas if label of your NTFS disk contains just one word.

Besides, during installation of our driver, the setup wizard automatically adds to Mac OS X Disk Utility the possibility to format NTFS volumes as well, but only for 10.5 Leopard and later:

- Launch Disk Utility: Applications > Utilities > Disk Utility;
- Select a partition you need to format to NTFS from the list of available partitions on the left;
- Click on the Erase tab at the top of the window;
- Select Windows NT Filesystem from the popup list;
- Type in a new volume label (irrelevant parameter used for notification purposes);
- Click on the **Erase** button to format the partition.



#### **Typical Application Cases**

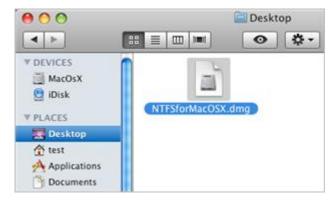
You might face various situations where Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X will be the most preferable way out. Let's just consider a little closer two of them.

- 1. You've got at the disposal a dual-boot system of Mac OS X and Windows and it will be really convenient to get a full-fledged access (read/write) to Windows NTFS partitions under Mac OS X. To tackle the issue, please follow the steps below:
  - Start up your Mac OS X;
  - Install Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X;
  - Reboot you computer into Mac OS X once again;
  - Enjoy NTFS under Mac OS X.
- 2. You need to transfer data (files over 4GB in size) from your Mac PC to a Windows-based computer using an external hard drive. FAT32 file system that is supported by both systems cannot be used as it doesn't support files over 4GB. To tackle the issue, please follow the steps below:
  - Start up your Mac OS X;
  - Install Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X;
  - Reboot you computer into Mac OS X once again;
  - Connect an external drive to Mac PC and format it to NTFS;
  - Copy files you need from your Mac PC to the external drive;
  - Connect the external drive to a Windows PC;
  - Copy files from the external drive to the Windows PC.

## **De-installing the Driver**

To de-install Paragon NTFS for Mac OS X<sup>™</sup>, please do the following:

1. Open the installation package by clicking on the supplied DMG disk image (in our case it is **NTFSforMacOS X.dmg**).



2. After the installation package is extracted click **Uninstall NTFS for Mac® OS X** to de-install the driver.



3. The setup wizard will ask confirmation before removing the driver from the system, so please click the **Uninstall** button.



4. On the next page enter the root user password (if any) to accomplish the operation.



5. Click **OK** to finish the de-installation process.



You can also de-install the product through **Preferences Pane**.

## **Glossary**

**Hard Link** is a reference, or pointer, to physical data on a storage volume. On most file systems, all named files are hard links. The name associated with the file is simply a label that refers the operating system to the actual data. As such, more than one name can be associated with the same data. Though called by different names, any changes made will affect the actual data, regardless of how the file is called at a later time. Hard links can only refer to data that exists on the same file system.

HFS Plus File System (HFS or Mac OS Extended) is an updated version of HFS (Hierarchical File System) and is applied nowadays as the primary file system for Macintosh computers. Unlike HFS it supports much larger files (block addresses are 32-bit length instead of 16-bit) and uses Unicode (instead of Mac OS Roman) for naming the items (files, folders). Besides it permits filenames up to 255 UTF-16 characters in length, and n-forked files similar to NTFS, though almost no software takes advantage of forks other than the data fork and resource fork. One of the crucial improvements of this file system is of course the possibility to use a full 32-bit allocation mapping table that resulted in much less wasted space (and more files).

**NTFS File System** is an advanced file system that provides performance, security, reliability, and advanced features that are not found in any version of FAT. For example, NTFS guarantees volume consistency by using standard transaction logging and recovery techniques. If a system fails, NTFS uses its log file and checkpoint information to restore consistency of the file system. In its later versions, NTFS also provides advanced features such as file and folder permissions, encryption, disk quotas, and compression.

**Resource Fork** is a construct of the Mac OS operating system used to store structured data in a file, alongside unstructured data stored within the data fork. A resource fork stores information in a specific form, such as icons, the shapes of windows, definitions of menus and their contents, and application code (machine code).

**Symbolic Link** (Symlink or Soft Link) consists of a special type of file that serves as a reference to another file or directory. Unlike a hard link, which points directly to data and represents another name for the same file, a symbolic link contains a path which identifies the target of the symbolic link. Thus, when the user removes a symbolic link, the file to which it pointed remains unaffected. Symbolic links may refer to files even on other mounted file systems.

**UFSD™** (Universal File System Driver) technology developed by Paragon Software provides full read/write access to the so-called popular file systems (NTFS, FAT16/32, Ext2/Ex3FS, etc.) under operating systems that cannot do it by default (e.g. NTFS for Linux, Ext2/Ex3FS for Windows, etc.).

This technology is based on the direct access to physical drives and buffered Input/Output access, that is why it makes it possible to process unsupported partitions (browse contents, read and modify files, copy and create new files and folders, etc.) while keeping an acceptable level of performance.

## **Known Issues**

- 1. When trying to create a second folder in the root directory with the Finder application under Mac OS X 10.4.6 up to 10.4.10 on Intel-based Macs, the first folder will take the name of the second one. To avoid this nuisance you've got two options:
  - Un-mount and then again mount your NTFS partition;
  - Update your Mac OS X up to 10.4.11 or higher.